

Georgia Metropolitan Planning Organization Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP)/Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) System Performance Report (Updated February 2025)

Background

Pursuant to the [Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act \(MAP-21\) Act](#) enacted in 2012 and the [Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act \(FAST Act\)](#) enacted in 2015, state Departments of Transportation (DOT) and Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPO) must apply a transportation performance management (TPM) approach in carrying out their federally-required transportation planning and programming activities. The process requires the establishment and use of a coordinated performance-based approach to transportation decision-making to support national goals for the federal-aid highway and public transportation programs.

To help transportation agencies take the necessary steps toward achieving the national goals, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) promulgated a series of rulemakings between 2016 and 2019 that established performance measures (PM) for the federal-aid highway and public transportation programs. Part of that series of rulemakings was the Statewide and Nonmetropolitan Transportation Planning; Metropolitan Transportation Planning Final Rule (The Planning Rule)¹ issued on May 27, 2016, that implemented the transportation planning and TPM provisions of MAP-21 and the FAST Act.

On November 15, 2021, President Joe Biden signed into law The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA), also known as the [Bipartisan Infrastructure Law \(BIL\)](#). The BIL (or IIJA) delivers generational investments in our roads and bridges, promotes safety for all road users, helps combat the climate crisis, and advances equitable access to transportation. The TPM approach from MAP-21 and the FAST Act is carried forward to this current law.

In accordance with National Performance Management Measures², the Planning Rule, as well as the Georgia Performance Management Agreement between the Georgia DOT (GDOT) and the Georgia Association of Metropolitan Planning Organizations (GAMPO), GDOT and each Georgia MPO must publish a System Performance Report (SPR) for applicable performance targets in their respective statewide and metropolitan transportation plans and programs.

- A System Performance Report (SPR) and subsequent updates is a federal requirement as part of any Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP) to evaluate the condition and performance of the transportation system with respect to the established performance targets;
- While the implemented Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) shows progress towards meeting the established performance targets.

¹ [23 CFR Part 450, Subpart B and Subpart C](#)

² [23 CFR 490.107](#)

The SPR presents the condition and performance of the transportation system with respect to required performance measures, documents performance targets and progress achieved in meeting the targets in comparison with previous reports. This is required for the following:

- In any statewide or metropolitan transportation plan or program amended or adopted after May 27, 2018, for Highway Safety/PM1 measures;
- In any statewide or metropolitan transportation plan or program amended or adopted after October 1, 2018, for transit asset measures;
- In any statewide or metropolitan transportation plan or program amended or adopted after May 20, 2019, for Pavement and Bridge Condition/PM2 and System Performance, Freight, and Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality/PM3 measures; and
- In any statewide or metropolitan transportation plan or program amended or adopted after July 20, 2021, for transit safety measures.

The Hinesville Area Metropolitan Planning Organization (HAMPO) 2045 Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP) was adopted on September 10, 2020. Per the Planning Rule and the Georgia Performance Management Agreement, the System Performance Report for the HAMPO 2045 MTP is included, herein, for the required Highway Safety/PM1, Bridge and Pavement Condition/PM2, and System Performance, Freight, and Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality/PM3 measures.

Highway Safety/PM1

Effective April 14, 2016, the FHWA established the highway safety performance measures³ to carry out the Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP). These performance measures are:

1. Number of fatalities;
2. Rate of fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled;
3. Number of serious injuries;
4. Rate of serious injuries per 100 million vehicle miles traveled; and
5. Number of combined non-motorized fatalities and non-motorized serious injuries.

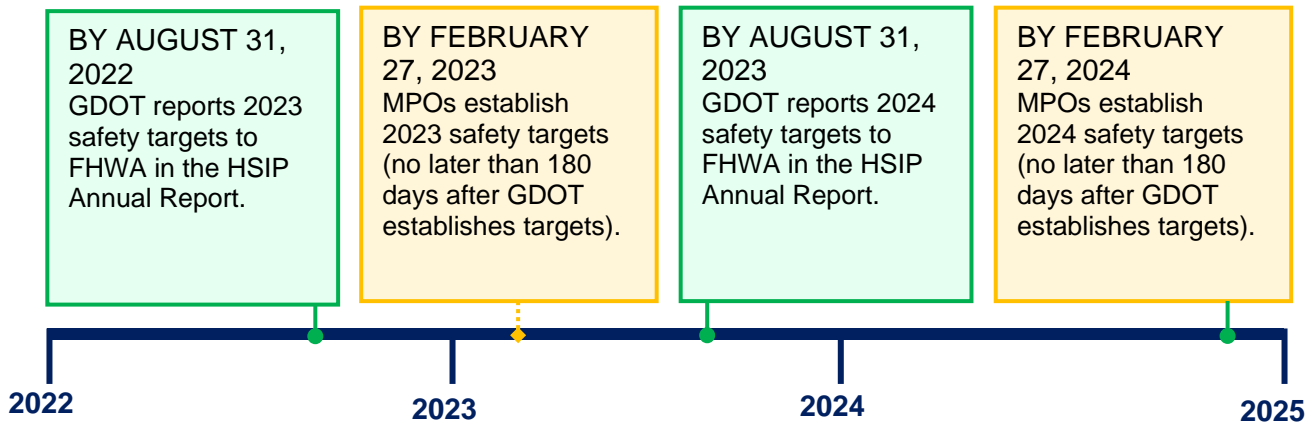
Safety performance targets are provided annually by the States to FHWA for each safety performance measure. GDOT submits the HSIP report annually to FHWA. The HSIP 2022 annual report was submitted to FHWA by August 31, 2022 and established the statewide safety targets for year 2023 based on an anticipated five-year rolling average (2019-2023). Georgia statewide safety performance targets for 2023 are included in Table 1, along with statewide safety performance for the two most recent reporting periods⁴. MPOs have 180 days after the states (GDOT) submit their targets to FHWA to either adopt the state targets or set their own PM1 targets; The 2023 MPO PM1 targets must be set by February 27, 2023.⁵ HAMPO adopted/approved the Georgia statewide safety performance targets on February 9, 2023.

³ [23 CFR Part 490, Subpart B](#)

⁴ https://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/hsip/spm/state_safety_targets/

⁵ <https://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/hsip/spm/timeline.cfm>

Safety Performance Targets Timeline (2022-2024)



The latest safety conditions will be updated annually over a rolling 5-year window and reflected within each subsequent System Performance Report, to track performance over time in relation to baseline conditions and established targets.

Table 1 shows the Georgia statewide safety performance and targets and five-year rolling averages over the last three years.

Table 1. Statewide Highway Safety/PM1, System Conditions and Performance Targets (Due August each year to FHWA)

Performance Measures	2022 Georgia Statewide Performance Target (Five-Year Rolling Average 2018-2022)	2023 Georgia Statewide Performance Target (Five-Year Rolling Average 2019-2023)	2024 Georgia Statewide Performance Target (Five-Year Rolling Average 2020-2024)	2025 Georgia Statewide Performance Target (Five-Year Rolling Average 2021-2025)
Number of Fatalities	1,671	1,680	1,680	
Rate of Fatalities per 100 Million Vehicle Miles Traveled	1.21	1.36	1.36	
Number of Serious Injuries	8,443	8,966	8,966	
Rate of Serious Injuries per 100 Million Vehicle Miles Traveled	4.610	7.679	7.679	
Number of Combined Non-Motorized Fatalities and Non-Motorized Serious Injuries	793.0	802	802	

Source: GDOT's HSIP reports.

HAMPO recognizes the importance of linking goals, objectives, and investment priorities to stated performance objectives, and that establishing this link is critical to the achievement of national transportation goals and statewide and regional performance targets. As such, the 2045 MTP directly reflects the goals, objectives, performance measures, and targets as they are available and described in other State and public transportation plans and processes; specifically, the Georgia Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP), the Georgia Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP), and the Georgia 2050 Statewide Transportation Improvement Plan (SWTP)/2021 Statewide Strategic Transportation Plan (SSTP).

- The Georgia SHSP is intended to reduce the number of fatalities and serious injuries resulting from motor vehicle crashes on public roads in Georgia. Existing highway safety plans are aligned and coordinated with the SHSP, including (but not limited to) the Georgia HSIP, MPO and local agencies' safety plans. The SHSP guides GDOT, the Georgia MPOs, and other safety partners in addressing safety and defines a framework for implementation activities to be carried out across Georgia.
- The GDOT HSIP annual report provide for a continuous and systematic process that identifies and reviews traffic safety issues around the state to identify locations with potential for improvement. The ultimate goal of the HSIP process is to reduce the number of crashes, injuries and fatalities by eliminating certain predominant types of crashes through the implementation of engineering solutions.
- The 2021 SSTP/2050 SWTP combines GDOT's strategic business case for transportation investment with the long-range, comprehensive transportation planning considerations under Federal law. The SSTP/SWTP is organized into three investment categories, reflecting three major ways people and freight move in Georgia; statewide freight and logistics, people mobility in Metro Atlanta, and people mobility in emerging metros and rural Georgia. The plan identifies strategies to bring about Foundational, Catalytic, and Innovation investments for the above mentioned categories.⁶
- The HAMPO 2045 MTP increases the safety of the transportation system for motorized and non-motorized users as required by the Planning Rule. The MTP identifies safety needs within the metropolitan planning area and provides funding for targeted safety improvements. Several of these goals have objectives that align with the PM1/Highway Safety.
 - **Improve Safety and Security**
 - Ensure the safety of the multimodal transportation system for all users
 - Ensure all transportation systems are structurally and operationally safe and secure
 - Minimize the frequency and severity of vehicular crashes

⁶ [2021 Statewide Strategic Transportation Plan/2050 Statewide Transportation Plan](#)

- Improve safety and accessibility of the non-motorized transportation network
- Ensure the security of the multimodal transportation system for all users

The table below shows the projects programmed into the 2045 MTP and if they meet the PM1 performance target:

Project ID	Project Name	Project Type	PM1
0016567	CR 171/Lewis Frasier Rd @ Peacock Creek	Bridge Replacement	✓
0017411	I-95 ITS	ITS	✓
0010348	15th Street Widening	Widening	✓
403	Ryon Avenue Realignment and Corridor Improvements	Realignment	✓
410	E.G. Miles Adaptive Signal Upgrades	Operational	✓
411	SR 119/ SR 196 / E.G. Miles Pkwy Access Management and Safety	Safety, Access Management	✓
408	US 84 Adaptive Signal Upgrades	Operational	✓
308	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management: TSPLOST Median Project	Safety, Access Control	✓
302	SR 196/E.G. Miles Pkwy Access Management: TSPLOST	Access Management	✓
201	15th Street Multimodal Safety Enhancements: TSPLOST	Safety	✓
307	South Main Street Widening: TSPLOST funded intersection improvements at Veterans Pkwy	Intersection, Widening	✓
311a	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management: TSPLOST Intersection Improvements and Median	Intersection	✓
405	US 17 @ Limerick Rd. / Freedman Grove Rd Intersection Improvements TSPLOST	Intersection, Safety	✓
406	Intersection Improvements Veterans Pkwy @ Walmart/Lowe: TSPLOST	Intersection	✓
312	Oglethorpe Hwy/US 84 Safety: TSPLOST Median and Sidewalks	Safety, Access Control	✓
222	"Cross-Roads" Intersection Improvements 119/EB Cooper Highway @ Barrington Ferry Rd. TSPLOST	Intersection	✓
404	Interstate Paper Road Rehabilitation TSPLOST	Reconstruction	✓
401	Barrington Ferry Rd @ US 17 Intersection Improvement TSPLOST	Intersection	✓
319b	Phase II SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management: TSPLOST Intersection Improvements @ MLK Jr. Dr. Supporting Lump Sum Safety Funded Median Project	Intersection	✓
319c	Phase II SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management: TSPLOST Intersection Improvements @ East Memorial Dr. Supporting Lump Sum Safety Funded Median Project	Intersection	✓
320b	Phase II SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management: TSPLOST Intersection Improvements @ General Screven Way Supporting Lump Sum Safety Funded Median Project	Intersection	✓
315a	Phase I SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management from Old Sunbury to Liberty High: TSPLOST Multimodal Safety Enhancements	Safety, Multimodal	✓
365	SR 119/General Screven Access Improvements	Safety, Access Control	✓
325	SR 119/Talmadge Rd Multimodal Enhancements	Safety, Multimodal	✓
304	Hwy 57 Intersection Upgrade	Intersection	✓
413	Wallace Martin Realignment	Realignment	✓
154a	Sandy Run/Patriots Trail Connector Phase I	New Construction	✓
228	US 84 bridge at I-95 Widening	Widening	✓
226	Sunbury Rd/Islands Hwy Widening	Widening	✓
412	SR 196 / E.G. Miles Pkwy Access Management	Safety, Access Management	✓
309	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management from Charlie Butler to Peach	Safety, Access Control	✓
314	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management from SR 196 to Brights Lake	Safety, Access Control	✓
250	Coastal Hwy/US 17 Widening	Widening	✓
306	SR 119/EB Cooper Hwy Widening	Widening	✓
311b	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management from Butler Ave. to Lewis Frasier Rd.	Safety, Access Control	✓
317	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management from Spires Dr. to Old Hines	Safety, Access Control	✓
315b	Phase II SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management from Brights Lake to John Martin: Multimodal enhancements completed in Phase I.	Safety, Access Control	✓
313	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management from Bacontown Rd to SR 196	Safety, Access Control	✓
303	Elim Church Road Upgrade /Multimodal Improvements	Multimodal	✓

Pavement and Bridge Condition/PM2

Effective May 20, 2017, FHWA established performance measures to assess pavement condition⁷ and bridge condition⁸ for the National Highway Performance Program. This second FHWA performance measure rule (PM2) established six performance measures:

1. Percent of Interstate pavements in good condition;
2. Percent of Interstate pavements in poor condition;
3. Percent of non-Interstate National Highway System (NHS) pavements in good condition;
4. Percent of non-Interstate NHS pavements in poor condition;
5. Percent of NHS bridges by deck area classified as in good condition; and
6. Percent of NHS bridges by deck area classified as in poor condition.

Pavement Condition Measures

The pavement condition measures represent the percentage of lane-miles on the Interstate or non-Interstate NHS that are in good condition or poor condition. FHWA established five metrics to assess pavement condition: International Roughness Index (IRI); cracking percent; rutting; faulting; and Present Serviceability Rating (PSR). For each metric, a threshold is used to establish good, fair, or poor condition.

Pavement condition is assessed using these metrics and thresholds. A pavement section in good condition if three metric ratings are good, and in poor condition if two or more metric ratings are poor. Pavement sections that are not good or poor are considered fair.

The pavement condition measures are expressed as a percentage of all applicable roads in good or poor condition. Pavement in good condition suggests that no major investment is needed. Pavement in poor condition suggests major reconstruction investment is needed due to either ride quality or a structural deficiency.

Bridge Condition Measures

The bridge condition measures represent the percentage of bridges, by deck area, on the NHS that are in good condition or poor condition. The condition of each bridge is evaluated by assessing four bridge components: deck, superstructure, substructure, and culverts. FHWA created a metric rating threshold for each component to establish good, fair, or poor condition. Every bridge on the NHS is evaluated using these component ratings. If the lowest rating of the four metrics is greater than or equal to seven, the structure is classified as good. If the lowest rating is less than or equal to four, the structure is classified as poor. If the lowest rating is five or six, it is classified as fair.

To determine the percent of bridges in good or in poor condition, the sum of total deck area of good or poor NHS bridges is divided by the total deck area of bridges carrying the NHS. Deck area is computed using structure length and either deck width or approach roadway width. Good condition suggests that no major investment is needed. Bridges in poor condition are safe

⁷ [23 CFR Part 490, Subpart C](#)

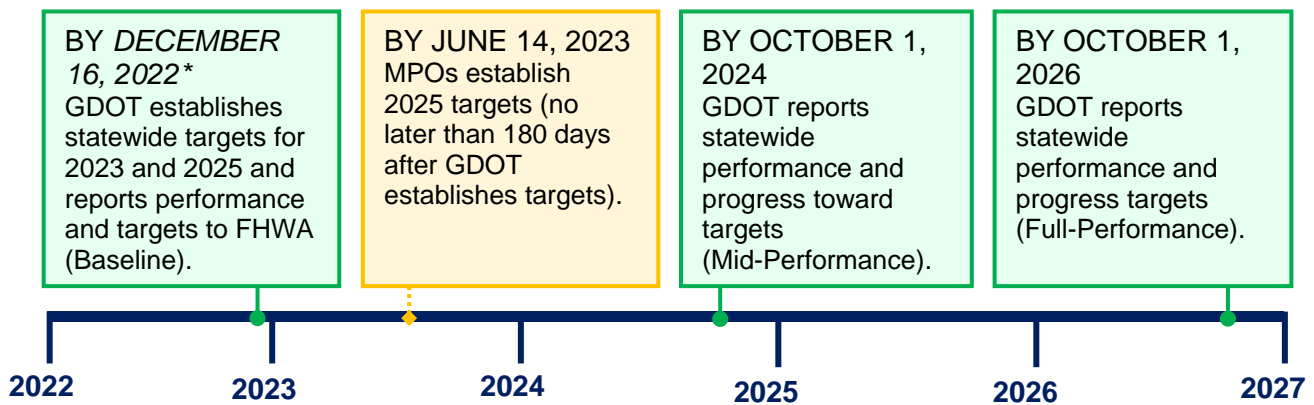
⁸ [23 CFR Part 490, Subpart D](#)

to drive on; however, they are nearing a point where substantial reconstruction or replacement is needed.

Pavement and Bridge Targets

Pavement and bridge condition performance is assessed and reported over a four-year performance period. The first performance period began on January 1, 2018, and runs through December 31, 2021. GDOT reported baseline PM2 performance and targets to FHWA on October 1, 2018, and will report updated performance information at the midpoint and end of the performance period. The second four-year performance period covers January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2025, with additional performance periods following every four years. The PM2 rule requires states and MPOs to establish two-year and/or four-year performance targets for each PM2 measure. Current two-year targets under the second four-year performance period represent expected pavement and bridge condition at the end of calendar year 2023, while the current four-year targets represent expected condition at the end of calendar year 2025.

SECOND Performance Period (January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2025)



** FHWA changed the due date from October 1, 2022, due to a technical issue with the reporting system.*

States establish targets as follows:

- Percent of Interstate pavements in good and poor condition – four-year targets;
- Percent of non-Interstate NHS pavements in good and poor condition – two-year and four-year targets; and
- Percent of NHS bridges by deck area in good and poor condition – two-year and four-year targets.

MPOs have 180 days after the states (GDOT) submit their targets to FHWA to establish four-year targets for each measure by either agreeing to the statewide targets or setting quantifiable targets for the MPO’s planning area that differ from the state targets.

GDOT established current statewide two-year and four-year PM2 targets on December 16, 2022. MPOs have 180 days from December 16, 2022 to adopt the state PM2 targets or set their

own PM2 targets; The MPO second performance period PM2 targets must be set by June 14, 2023. HAMPO adopted the Georgia statewide PM2 targets on June 8, 2023. Table 2 presents statewide baseline performance for each PM2 measure as well as the current two-year and four-year statewide targets established by GDOT.

On or before October 1, 2024, GDOT will provide FHWA with a detailed mid-performance report of pavement and bridge condition performance covering the period of January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2023, for the second performance period. GDOT and HAMPO will have the opportunity at that time to revisit the four-year PM2 targets.

Table 2. Pavement and Bridge Condition/PM2 Performance and Targets

Performance Measures	Georgia Performance (Baseline 2021)	Georgia 2-year Target (2023)	Georgia 4-year Target (2025)
Percent of Interstate pavements in good condition	67.4%	50.0%	50.0%
Percent of Interstate pavements in poor condition	0.1%	5.0%	5.0%
Percent of non-Interstate NHS pavements in good condition	49.2%	40.0%	40.0%
Percent of non-Interstate NHS pavements in poor condition	0.6%	12.0%	12.0%
Percent of NHS bridges (by deck area) in good condition	79.1%	50.0%	60.0%
Percent of NHS bridges (by deck area) in poor condition	0.5%	10.0%	10.0%

HAMPO recognizes the importance of linking goals, objectives, and investment priorities to stated performance objectives, and that establishing this link is critical to the achievement of national transportation goals and statewide and regional performance targets. As such, the 2045 MTP directly reflects the goals, objectives, performance measures, and targets as they are available and described in other State and public transportation plans and processes; specifically, Georgia’s Transportation Asset Management Plan (TAMP), the Georgia Interstate Preservation Plan, and the current SSTP/2050 SWTP.

- MAP-21 initially required GDOT to develop a TAMP for all NHS pavements and bridges within the state. In addition, BIL requires considering extreme weather and resilience as part of the life-cycle planning and risk management analyses within a State TAMP process and evaluation. GDOT’s TAMP describes Georgia’s current bridge (bridge culverts) and pavement asset management processes for improving and preserving the condition of the National Highway System (NHS), which comprised of approximately 7,200 miles of roadway within the State which includes interstates, state routes and local roads as well as 4,300 structures of both bridges and bridge culverts. GDOT has recently developed TAMP for FY 2022-2031, which uses life-cycle planning and outlines the priorities and investment strategies leading to a program of projects that would make progress toward achievement of GDOT’s statewide pavement and bridge condition targets and cost effectively manage and preserve these assets over the next 10 years.
- The Georgia Interstate Preservation Plan applied a risk profile to identify and communicate Interstate preservation priorities; this process leveraged a combination of asset management techniques with risk management concepts to prioritize specific investment strategies for the Interstate system in Georgia.

- The 2021 SSTP/2050 SWTP combines GDOT’s strategic business case for transportation investment with the long-range, comprehensive transportation planning considerations under Federal law. The SSTP/SWTP is organized into three investment categories, reflecting three major ways people and freight move in Georgia; statewide freight and logistics, people mobility in Metro Atlanta, and people mobility in emerging metros and rural Georgia. The plan identifies strategies to bring about Foundational, Catalytic, and Innovation investments for the above mentioned categories.⁹
- The HAMPO 2045 MTP addresses infrastructure preservation and identifies pavement and bridge infrastructure needs within the metropolitan planning area, and allocates funding for targeted infrastructure improvements. The 2045 MTP has goals that align with PM2/Pavement and Bridge Condition:
 - **Promote the Management and Preservation of the existing transportation system**
 - Preserve and maintain the existing transportation system
 - Promote the efficient management and operations of the transportation system
 - **Improve Safety and Security**
 - Ensure the safety of the multimodal transportation system for all users
 - Ensure all transportation systems are structurally and operationally safe and secure
 - Ensure the security of the multimodal transportation system for all users

The table below shows the projects programmed into the 2045 MTP and if they meet the PM2 performance target:

⁹ [2021 Statewide Strategic Transportation Plan/2050 Statewide Transportation Plan](#)

Project ID	Project Name	Project Type	PM2	
			Bridges	Pavement
522570-	US 84 Freight Connector: SR 38 BYPASS FROM SR 38/US 84 TO SR 119	New Construction	✓	✓
0016567	CR 171/Lewis Frasier Rd @ Peacock Creek	Bridge Replacement	✓	✓
0017411	I-95 ITS	ITS		
0010348	15th Street Widening	Widening	✓	✓
403	Ryon Avenue Realignment and Corridor Improvements	Realignment	✓	✓
307	South Main Street Widening: TSPLOST funded intersection improvements at Veterans Pkwy	Intersection, Widening	✓	✓
222	"Cross-Roads" Intersection Improvements 119/EB Cooper Highway @ Barrington Ferry Rd. TSPLOST	Intersection	✓	✓
404	Interstate Paper Road Rehabilitation TSPLOST	Reconstruction	✓	✓
401	Barrington Ferry Rd @ US 17 Intersection Improvement TSPLOST	Intersection	✓	✓
319b	Phase II SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management: TSPLOST Intersection Improvements @ MLK Jr. Dr. Supporting Lump Sum Safety Funded Median Project	Intersection	✓	✓
319c	Phase II SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management: TSPLOST Intersection Improvements @ East Memorial Dr. Supporting Lump Sum Safety Funded Median Project	Intersection	✓	✓
320b	Phase II SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management: TSPLOST Intersection Improvements @ General Screven Way Supporting Lump Sum Safety Funded Median Project	Intersection	✓	✓
304	Hwy 57 Intersection Upgrade	Intersection	✓	✓
228	US 84 bridge at I-95 Widening	Widening	✓	✓
226	Sunbury Rd/Islands Hwy Widening	Widening	✓	✓
250	Coastal Hwy/US 17 Widening	Widening	✓	✓
306	SR 119/EB Cooper Hwy Widening	Widening	✓	✓
303	Elim Church Road Upgrade /Multimodal Improvements	Multimodal	✓	✓
114	Hinesville Bypass Phase II (eastern segment)	New Construction		✓

System Performance, Freight, and Congestion Mitigation & Air Quality Improvement Program/PM3

Effective May 20, 2017, FHWA established measures to assess performance of the National Highway System¹⁰, freight movement on the Interstate system¹¹, and the Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) Program¹². This third FHWA performance measure rule (PM3) established six performance measures, described below.

National Highway System Performance:

1. Percent of person-miles on the Interstate system that are reliable;
2. Percent of person-miles on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable;

Freight Movement on the Interstate:

3. Truck Travel Time Reliability Index (TTTR);

Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) Program:

4. Annual hours of peak hour excessive delay per capita (PHED);
5. Percent of non-single occupant vehicle travel (Non-SOV); and
6. Cumulative two-year and four-year reduction of on-road mobile source emissions for CMAQ funded projects (CMAQ Emission Reduction).

The CMAQ performance measures apply to states and MPOs with projects financed with CMAQ funds whose boundary contains any part of a nonattainment or maintenance area for ozone, carbon monoxide or particulate matter. The HAMPO MPO meets air quality standards, therefore, the CMAQ measures do not apply and are not reflected in the System Performance Report.

System Performance Measures

The two System Performance measures assess the reliability of travel times on the Interstate or non-Interstate NHS system. The performance metric used to calculate reliability is the Level of Travel Time Reliability (LOTTR). LOTTR is defined as the ratio of longer travel times (80th percentile) to a normal travel time (50th percentile) over all applicable roads during four time periods (AM peak, Mid-day, PM peak, and weekends) that cover the hours of 6 AM to 8 PM each day.

The LOTTR ratio is calculated for each segment of applicable roadway, essentially comparing the segment with itself. A segment is deemed to be reliable if its LOTTR is less than 1.5 during all four time periods. If one or more time periods has a LOTTR of 1.5 or above, that segment is unreliable.

The measures are expressed as the percent of person-miles traveled on the Interstate or non-Interstate NHS system that are reliable. Person-miles take into account the number of people

¹⁰ [23 CFR Part 490, Subpart E](#)

¹¹ [23 CFR Part 490, Subpart F](#)

¹² [23 CFR Part 490, Subparts G and H](#)

traveling in buses, cars, and trucks over these roadway segments. To determine total person miles traveled, the vehicle miles traveled (VMT) on each segment is multiplied by average vehicle occupancy. To calculate the percent of person miles traveled that are reliable, the sum of the number of reliable person miles traveled is divided by the sum of total person miles traveled.

Freight Movement Performance Measure

The Freight Movement performance measure assesses reliability for trucks traveling on the Interstate. A TTTR ratio is generated by dividing the 95th percentile truck travel time by a normal travel time (50th percentile) for each segment of the Interstate system over five time periods throughout weekdays and weekends (AM peak, Mid-day, PM peak, weekend, and overnight) that cover all hours of the day. For each segment, the highest TTTR value among the five time periods is multiplied by the length of the segment. The sum of all length-weighted segments is then divided by the total length of Interstate to generate the TTTR Index.

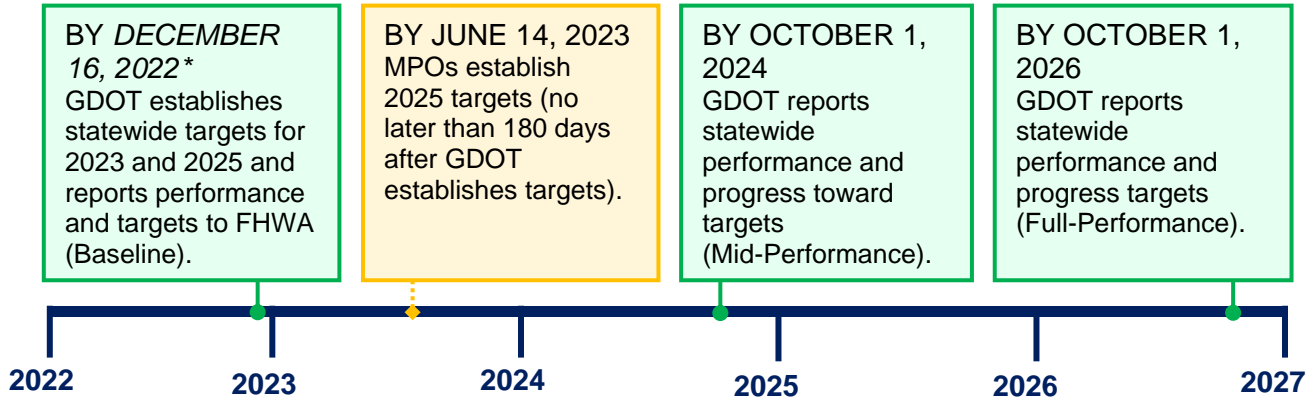
PM3 Performance Targets

Performance for the PM3 measures is assessed and reported over a four-year performance period. For all PM3 measures except the CMAQ Emission Reduction measure, the first performance period began on January 1, 2018, and will end on December 31, 2021. For the CMAQ Emission Reduction measure, the first performance period began on October 1, 2017, and will end on September 30, 2021. GDOT reported baseline PM3 performance and targets (for First Performance Period) to FHWA on October 1, 2018, the baseline PM3 performance and targets (for Second Performance Period) to FHWA on December 16, 2022, and will report updated performance information at the midpoint and end of the performance period. The second four-year performance period will cover January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2025 (October 1, 2021, to September 30, 2025, for the CMAQ Emission Reduction Measure), with additional performance periods following every four years.

The PM3 rule requires state DOTs and MPOs to establish two-year and/or four-year performance targets for each PM3 measure. The performance periods for the CMAQ emissions reduction measure are on a federal fiscal year basis and the performance periods for all other measures are on a calendar year basis. For all targets except CMAQ Emission Reductions, the current two-year and four-year targets represent under the second four-year performance period expected performance at the end of calendar years 2023 and 2025, respectively. For the current CMAQ Emission Reduction measure the two-year and four-year targets represent cumulative VOC and NOx emission reductions from CMAQ-funded projects during the periods of October 1, 2022, to September 30, 2023 (for the two-year target) and October 1, 2022, to

SECOND Performance Period (January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2025)

September 30, 2025 (for the four-year target).



* FHWA changed the due date from October 1, 2022, due to a technical issue with the reporting system.

States establish targets as follows:

- Percent of person-miles on the Interstate system that are reliable – two-year and four-year targets;
- Percent of person-miles on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable – four-year targets;
- Truck Travel Time Reliability – two-year and four-year targets;
- Annual hours of peak hour excessive delay per capita (PHED) – four-year targets;
- Percent of non-single occupant vehicle travel (Non-SOV) – two-year and four-year targets; and
- CMAQ Emission Reductions – two-year and four-year targets.

MPOs establish four-year targets for the System Performance, Freight Movement, and PHED measures, and two-year and four-year targets for the Non-SOV and CMAQ Emission Reduction measures. MPOs establish targets by either agreeing to program projects that will support the statewide targets, or setting quantifiable targets for the MPO’s planning area that differ from the state targets.

GDOT established statewide PM3 targets and submitted to FHWA by December 16, 2022. HAMPO adopted the Georgia statewide PM3 targets on June 8, 2023. Table 6 presents statewide baseline performance for each PM3 measure as well as the current two-year and four-year statewide targets established by GDOT.

On or before October 1, 2024, GDOT will provide FHWA with a detailed mid-performance report of PM3 performance covering the period of January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2023, for the second performance period. GDOT and HAMPO will have the opportunity at that time to revisit the four-year PM3 targets.

Table 3. System Performance/Freight Movement/CMAQ (PM3) Performance and Targets

Performance Measure	Georgia Performance (Baseline 2021)	Georgia 2-year Target (2023)	Georgia 4-year Target (2025)
Percent of person-miles on the Interstate system that are reliable	82.8%	73.9%	68.4%
Percent of person-miles on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable	91.9%	87.3%	85.3%
Truck Travel Time Reliability Index	1.47	1.62	1.65
Annual hours of peak hour excessive delay per capita (PHED)	14.4 hours	23.7 hours	27.2 hours
Percent Non-SOV travel	25.7%	22.7%	22.7%

**4-year Cumulative Emission Reductions from 2018-2021*

HAMPO recognizes the importance of linking goals, objectives, and investment priorities to stated performance objectives, and that establishing this link is critical to the achievement of national transportation goals and statewide and regional performance targets. As such, the 2045 MTP directly reflects the goals, objectives, performance measures, and targets as they are available and described in other State and public transportation plans and processes; specifically, the Georgia Statewide Freight and Logistics Action Plan, and the current 2021 SSTP/2050 SWTP.

- The 2023 Georgia Freight Plan documents freight planning activities and investments in the state, identifies and assesses current and future freight needs and challenges incorporating both technical analysis and stakeholder engagement, and guides freight-related transportation decisions and investments. The plan integrates policy positions and strategies from existing documents to help identify and prioritize freight investments critical to the state’s economic growth and global competitiveness. The Georgia Freight Plan establishes specific goals for freight transportation and addresses freight issues that are not covered in other statewide planning documents.¹³
- The 2021 SSTP/2050 SWTP combines GDOT’s strategic business case for transportation investment with the long-range, comprehensive transportation planning considerations under Federal law. The SSTP/SWTP is organized into three investment categories, reflecting three major ways people and freight move in Georgia; statewide freight and logistics, people mobility in Metro Atlanta, and people mobility in emerging metros and rural Georgia. The plan identifies strategies to bring about Foundational, Catalytic, and Innovation investments for the above mentioned categories.¹⁴
- The HAMPO 2045 MTP addresses reliability, freight movement, congestion, [and emissions] and identifies needs for each of these issues within the metropolitan planning area and allocates funding for targeted improvements. The goals from the 2045 HAMPO MTP that align with PM3/System Performance, Freight, and Congestion Mitigation & Air Quality Improvement are listed below:

¹³ <https://www.dot.ga.gov/GDOT/Pages/Freight.aspx>

¹⁴ [2021 Statewide Strategic Transportation Plan/2050 Statewide Transportation Plan](#)

- **Promote Quality of Life and Protect Existing Resources**
 - Provide a transportation system that protects the environment and improves the quality of life for all residents
- **Promote Economic Development and Support Freight Movement:**
 - Support the economic vitality of the area through efficient transportation systems that support local and global competitiveness and productivity
 - Minimize work trip and congestion delays
- **Invest in Mobility Options**
 - Maximize mobility for all users through an integrated, connected, and accessible transportation system
 - Minimize congestion delays
 - Encourage multimodal use

The table below shows the projects programmed into the 2045 MTP and if they meet the PM3 performance target:

Project ID	Project Name	Project Type	PM3		
			System Reliability	Truck Reliability	Emissions Reduction
522570-	US 84 Freight Connector: SR 38 BYPASS FROM SR 38/US 84 TO SR 119	New Construction	✓	✓	✓
0017411	I-95 ITS	ITS	✓	✓	✓
0010348	15th Street Widening	Widening	✓	✓	✓
403	Ryon Avenue Realignment and Corridor Improvements	Realignment	✓		✓
410	E.G. Miles Adaptive Signal Upgrades	Operational	✓	✓	✓
411	SR 119/ SR 196 / E.G. Miles Pkwy Access Management and Safety	Safety, Access Management	✓	✓	✓
408	US 84 Adaptive Signal Upgrades	Operational	✓	✓	✓
308	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management: TSPLOST Median Project	Safety, Access Control	✓	✓	
302	SR 196/E.G. Miles Pkwy Access Management: TSPLOST	Access Management	✓	✓	✓
307	South Main Street Widening: TSPLOST funded intersection improvements at Veterans Pkwy	Intersection, Widening	✓		✓
311a	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management: TSPLOST Intersection Improvements and Median	Intersection	✓	✓	✓
405	US 17 @ Limerick Rd. / Freedman Grove Rd Intersection Improvements TSPLOST	Intersection, Safety	✓	✓	✓
406	Intersection Improvements Veterans Pkwy @ Walmart/Lowe: TSPLOST	Intersection	✓	✓	✓
312	Oglethorpe Hwy/US 84 Safety: TSPLOST Median and Sidewalks	Safety, Access Control	✓	✓	✓
222	"Cross-Roads" Intersection Improvements 119/EB Cooper Highway @ Barrington Ferry Rd. TSPLOST	Intersection	✓	✓	✓
404	Interstate Paper Road Rehabilitation TSPLOST	Reconstruction	✓	✓	✓
401	Barrington Ferry Rd @ US 17 Intersection Improvement TSPLOST	Intersection	✓	✓	✓
319b	Phase II SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management: TSPLOST Intersection Improvements @ MLK Jr. Dr. Supporting Lump Sum Safety Funded Median Project	Intersection	✓	✓	✓
319c	Phase II SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management: TSPLOST Intersection Improvements @ East Memorial Dr. Supporting Lump Sum Safety Funded Median Project	Intersection	✓	✓	✓
320b	Phase II SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management: TSPLOST Intersection Improvements @ General Screven Way Supporting Lump Sum Safety Funded Median Project	Intersection	✓	✓	✓
365	SR 119/General Screven Access Improvements	Safety, Access Control	✓	✓	✓
304	Hwy 57 Intersection Upgrade	Intersection	✓	✓	✓
413	Wallace Martin Realignment	Realignment	✓		✓
154a	Sandy Run/Patriots Trail Connector Phase I	New Construction	✓		✓
228	US 84 bridge at I-95 Widening	Widening	✓	✓	✓
226	Sunbury Rd/Islands Hwy Widening	Widening	✓	✓	✓
412	SR 196 / E.G. Miles Pkwy Access Management	Safety, Access Management	✓	✓	✓
309	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management from Charlie Butler to Peach	Safety, Access Control	✓	✓	✓
314	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management from SR 196 to Brights Lake	Safety, Access Control	✓	✓	✓
250	Coastal Hwy/US 17 Widening	Widening	✓	✓	✓
306	SR 119/EB Cooper Hwy Widening	Widening	✓	✓	✓
311b	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management from Butler Ave. to Lewis Frasier Rd.	Safety, Access Control	✓	✓	✓
317	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management from Spires Dr. to Old Hines	Safety, Access Control	✓	✓	✓
315b	Phase II SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management from Brights Lake to John Martin: Multimodal enhancements completed in Phase I.	Safety, Access Control	✓	✓	✓
313	SR 38 /US 84 Safety and Access Management from Bacontown Rd to SR 196	Safety, Access Control	✓	✓	✓
114	Hinesville Bypass Phase II (eastern segment)	New Construction	✓	✓	✓

Resolutions

**RESOLUTION OF THE
HINESVILLE AREA METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION POLICY COMMITTEE TO:**

- **ADOPT THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND THE GEORGIA ASSOCIATION OF METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION FY 2023 TRANSPORTATION PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT TARGETS**

WHEREAS, the 23 CFR 450.314(h) requires that MPO(s), STATE(s), and providers of public transportation shall jointly agree upon and develop specific written procedures for cooperatively developing and sharing information related to transportation performance data, the selection of performance targets, the reporting of performance targets, the reporting of performance to be used in tracking progress toward attainment of critical outcomes for the region of the MPO, and the collection of data for the State Asset Management Plan for the National Highway System (NHS); and

WHEREAS, in 2018 the Georgia Department of Transportation and the Georgia Association of Metropolitan Planning Organization executed the "GEORGIA PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT" to agree to adhere coordination mechanisms to meet performance-based planning and programming requirements for highways in accordance with 23 CFR 450.314(h) and established federal guidance; and

WHEREAS, the Technical Coordinating Committee at its January 12, 2023 meeting recommended that HAMPO support the 2023 Performance Management Targets approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation as follows:

- PM1: Safety Performance Management Targets,

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the HAMPO Policy Committee concurs with the recommendation of the HAMPO Technical Coordinating Committee to agree and support the Performance Management Targets as approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the HAMPO Policy Committee approves the addition to the HAMPO 2045 Metropolitan Transportation Plan to incorporate the 2023 Performance Management Targets PM1 as approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the HAMPO Policy Committee approves the addition to the HAMPO 2021-2024 Transportation Improvement Program to incorporate the 2023 Performance Management Targets PM1 as approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation.

CERTIFICATION: I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of a Resolution adopted by the Hinesville Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Policy Committee on February 9, 2023.

RECOMMENDED BY:



Joey Brown
TCC Chair/Liberty County Administrator

SIGNED:



Donald Lovette
Policy Committee Chair

ATTEST:



Jeff Ricketson, AICP
LCPC Executive Director

**RESOLUTION OF THE
HINESVILLE AREA METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION POLICY COMMITTEE TO:**

- **ADOPT THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND THE GEORGIA ASSOCIATION OF METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION FY 2023 TRANSPORTATION PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT TARGETS**

WHEREAS, the 23 CFR 450.314(h) requires that MPO(s), STATE(s), and providers of public transportation shall jointly agree upon and develop specific written procedures for cooperatively developing and sharing information related to transportation performance data, the selection of performance targets, the reporting of performance targets, the reporting of performance to be used in tracking progress toward attainment of critical outcomes for the region of the MPO, and the collection of data for the State Asset Management Plan for the National Highway System (NHS); and

WHEREAS, in 2018 the Georgia Department of Transportation and the Georgia Association of Metropolitan Planning Organization executed the "GEORGIA PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT" to agree to adhere coordination mechanisms to meet performance-based planning and programming requirements for highways in accordance with 23 CFR 450.314(h) and established federal guidance; and

WHEREAS, the Technical Coordinating Committee at its May 11, 2023 meeting recommended that HAMPO support the 2023 Performance Management Targets approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation as follows:

- PM2: Pavement and Bridge Condition Performance Management Targets, and
- PM3: System Performance Management Targets

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the HAMPO Policy Committee concurs with the recommendation of the HAMPO Technical Coordinating Committee to agree and support the Performance Management Targets as approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the HAMPO Policy Committee approves the addition to the HAMPO 2045 Metropolitan Transportation Plan to incorporate the 2023 Performance Management Targets PM2 and PM3 as approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the HAMPO Policy Committee approves the addition to the HAMPO 2021-2024 Transportation Improvement Program to incorporate the 2023 Performance Management Targets PM2 and PM3 as approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation.

CERTIFICATION: I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of a Resolution adopted by the Hinesville Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Policy Committee on June 8, 2023.

RECOMMENDED BY:



Joey Brown
TCC Chair/Liberty County Administrator

SIGNED:


Donald Lovette
Policy Committee Chair

ATTEST:



Jeff Ricketson, AICP
LCPC Executive Director

**RESOLUTION OF THE
HINESVILLE AREA METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION POLICY COMMITTEE TO:**

- **ADOPT THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND THE GEORGIA ASSOCIATION OF METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION FY 2024 TRANSPORTATION PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT TARGETS**

WHEREAS, the 23 CFR 450.314(h) requires that MPO(s), STATE(s), and providers of public transportation shall jointly agree upon and develop specific written procedures for cooperatively developing and sharing information related to transportation performance data, the selection of performance targets, the reporting of performance targets, the reporting of performance to be used in tracking progress toward attainment of critical outcomes for the region of the MPO, and the collection of data for the State Asset Management Plan for the National Highway System (NHS); and

WHEREAS, in 2018 the Georgia Department of Transportation and the Georgia Association of Metropolitan Planning Organization executed the "GEORGIA PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT" to agree to adhere coordination mechanisms to meet performance-based planning and programming requirements for highways in accordance with 23 CFR 450.314(h) and established federal guidance; and

WHEREAS, the Technical Coordinating Committee at its January 11, 2024 meeting recommended that HAMPO support the 2024 Performance Management Targets approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation as follows:

- PM1: Safety Performance Management Targets,

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the HAMPO Policy Committee concurs with the recommendation of the HAMPO Technical Coordinating Committee to agree and support the Performance Management Targets as approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the HAMPO Policy Committee approves the addition to the HAMPO 2045 Metropolitan Transportation Plan to incorporate the 2024 Performance Management Target PM1 as approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the HAMPO Policy Committee approves the addition to the HAMPO 2024-2027 Transportation Improvement Program to incorporate the 2024 Performance Management Target PM1 as approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation.

CERTIFICATION: I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of a Resolution adopted by the Hinesville Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Policy Committee on February 8, 2024.

RECOMMENDED BY:



Joey Brown
TCC Chair/Liberty County Administrator

SIGNED:



Donald Lovette
Policy Committee Chair

ATTEST:



Jeff Ricketson, AICP
LCPC Executive Director

**RESOLUTION OF THE
HINESVILLE AREA METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION POLICY COMMITTEE TO:**

- **ADOPT THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND THE GEORGIA ASSOCIATION OF METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION FY 2025 TRANSPORTATION PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT TARGETS**

WHEREAS, the 23 CFR 450.314(h) requires that MPO(s), STATE(s), and providers of public transportation shall jointly agree upon and develop specific written procedures for cooperatively developing and sharing information related to transportation performance data, the selection of performance targets, the reporting of performance targets, the reporting of performance to be used in tracking progress toward attainment of critical outcomes for the region of the MPO, and the collection of data for the State Asset Management Plan for the National Highway System (NHS); and

WHEREAS, in 2018 the Georgia Department of Transportation and the Georgia Association of Metropolitan Planning Organization executed the "GEORGIA PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT" to agree to adhere coordination mechanisms to meet performance-based planning and programming requirements for highways in accordance with 23 CFR 450.314(h) and established federal guidance; and

WHEREAS, the Technical Coordinating Committee at its December 5, 2024 meeting recommended that HAMPO support the 2025 Performance Management Targets approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation as follows:

- PM1: Safety Performance Management Targets,

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the HAMPO Policy Committee concurs with the recommendation of the HAMPO Technical Coordinating Committee to agree and support the Performance Management Targets as approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the HAMPO Policy Committee approves the addition to the HAMPO 2045 Metropolitan Transportation Plan to incorporate the 2025 Performance Management Targets PM1 as approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the HAMPO Policy Committee approves the addition to the HAMPO 2024-2027 Transportation Improvement Program to incorporate the 2025 Performance Management Targets PM1 as approved by the Georgia Department of Transportation.

CERTIFICATION: I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of a Resolution adopted by the Hinesville Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Policy Committee on December 12, 2024.

RECOMMENDED BY:



Joey Brown
TCC Chair/Liberty County Administrator

SIGNED:



Donald Lovette
Policy Committee Chair

ATTEST:



Jeff Ricketson, AICP
LCPC Executive Director

Performance-Based Transit Planning Agreement

On May 27, 2016, the final rule for statewide and metropolitan transportation planning was published, based on the 2012 Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century (MAP-21) Act and the 2015 Fixing America's Transportation System (FAST) Act. As part of this final rule, 23 CFR 450.314 (h) requires the metropolitan planning organizations (MPO), State(s), and the providers of public transportation (referred to here as "providers") to jointly agree upon and develop specific written provisions for cooperatively developing and sharing information related to transportation performance data, the selection of performance targets, the reporting of performance targets, and the reporting of performance to be used in tracking progress toward attainment of critical outcomes for the region of the MPO.

The Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT), the MPO, and provider(s) hereby agree to share transit asset management data, targets, and plans as follows:

- Providers will share their Transit Asset Management (TAM) Plan, and TAM targets with the MPO and GDOT and report to the National Transit Database.
- Providers will coordinate with the MPO and GDOT during the development of their TAM Plan and targets.
- The MPO will set TAM targets for their planning area in coordination with providers in their planning area and share those targets with providers and GDOT.
- GDOT sponsors a Group TAM Plan for participating Tier 2 transit providers, collects inventory information from these providers, sets targets in coordination with the providers, and shares the TAM Plan with providers and MPOs statewide.
- MPOs will reflect TAM targets in their short range and long-range planning documents and share with GDOT and providers in their planning area.
- GDOT will provide a Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) Performance Report, reflecting TAM targets set by the GDOT Group Plan, and will share this report with MPOs and transit providers statewide.



Signature

Jeff Ricketson, Executive Director

Print Name and Title

Liberty Consolidated Planning Commission (HAMPO)

Organization Name

9/19/2024

Date

Name of Public Transportation Provider 1:

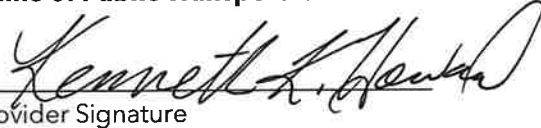
Dionne Lovett Digitally signed by Dionne Lovett
Date: 2024.08.27 12:57:17
-04'00'

Provider Signature

8/27/24

Date

Name of Public Transportation Provider 2:


Provider Signature

10-18-24

Date

Name of Public Transportation Provider 3:

Provider Signature

Date

Name of Public Transportation Provider 4:

Provider Signature

Date

Coastal Regional Coaches

Dionne Lovett, Executive Director

Print Name and Title

Liberty Transit

Kenneth Howard, City Manager

Print Name and Title

Print Name and Title

Print Name and Title

Appendix F: TAMP Participant Accountable Executive Approval Form

GDOT GROUP TRANSIT ASSET MANAGEMENT (TAM) PLAN

FY 2024 TAM PERFORMANCE TARGETS

As the Accountable Executive for the below-named Participant in the Group Transit Asset Management (TAM) Plan sponsored by the Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT), I hereby approve the enclosed FY 2024 TAM Performance Targets (dated 9/08/20) on behalf of the Participant transit provider organization.

Participant Organization Name: Liberty Consolidated Planning Commission

Transit Provider Name (if different): Liberty Transit


FTA Program Subgroup (check all that apply)

5311 Rural 5307 Urban

Did the Accountable Executive change from the CY 2023 named AE?

Yes No

Name of Accountable Executive: Jeff Ricketson

Signature of Accountable Executive: 

Title: Executive Director

Date: 9/17/2024

Enclosure

Appendix A: Project Types

The matrix below is based on 2024-2027 STIP projects as general guidelines; In reality, individual projects may yield benefits to other PMs than shown here given specific project characteristics.

Table 4: Projects/Work Types That Support Each Performance Measure Targets

Work Type	PM1	PM2		PM3				
	Safety	Bridges	Pavement	System Reliability	Truck Reliability	CMAQ*		
						PHED	Non-SOV	Emissions Reduction
Bicycle / Pedestrian Facilities	✓						✓	✓
Bridges		✓						
Drainage Improvements			✓					
Grade Separation	✓			✓		✓		
Interchange	✓			✓	✓	✓		
Intersection Improvement	✓			✓		✓		
ITS	✓			✓		✓		✓
Lighting	✓							
Managed Lanes	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓
Operational Improvement				✓	✓	✓		
Pavement Rehabilitation			✓					
Railroad Crossing	✓			✓				
Transit							✓	✓
Truck Lanes					✓			
Widening				✓		✓		

** The CMAQ measures including PHED, Non-SOV, and Emission Reduction apply only within the boundaries of each U.S. Census Bureau-designated urbanized area (UZA) that contains a NHS road, has a population of more than 200 thousand, and contains any part of a nonattainment or maintenance area for ozone, carbon monoxide or particulate matter. In Georgia, the CMAQ measures only apply to statewide for GDOT as well as individually for ARC and CBMPO.*

Appendix B: Example MPO TIP Projects – Dalton MPO

Table 5: Greater Dalton MPO TIP Projects, 2024-2027

PI#	Cost	Work Type	PM1	PM2		PM3		
			Safety	Bridges	Pavement	System Reliability	Truck Reliability	CMAQ*
0019358	\$11,870,000	Drainage			✓			
0017233	\$98,000	Bridges		✓				
0017234	\$225,000	Bridges		✓				

Note: The CMAQ measures including PHED, Non-SOV, and Emission Reduction apply only within the boundaries of each U.S. Census Bureau-designated urbanized area (UZA) that contains an NHS road, has a population of more than 200 thousand, and contains any part of a nonattainment or maintenance area for ozone, carbon monoxide or particulate matter. Greater Dalton MPO does not have to track CMAQ measures on PHED, Non-SOV, or Emissions Reduction performance.